

Characteristics of US Mutual Fund Owners

A majority of US households rely on mutual funds to help them meet their financial goals. These mutual fund—owning households represent a broad range of the US population—coming from all age, income, and ethnic groups. For instance, Generation Z and Millennial households are well on their way to widespread mutual fund ownership. Furthermore, the racial and ethnic diversity of newer fund investors has increased meaningfully. Mutual fund investors, who tend to primarily save for retirement, make informed purchasing decisions by researching their fund investment choices, often with the assistance of investment professionals.

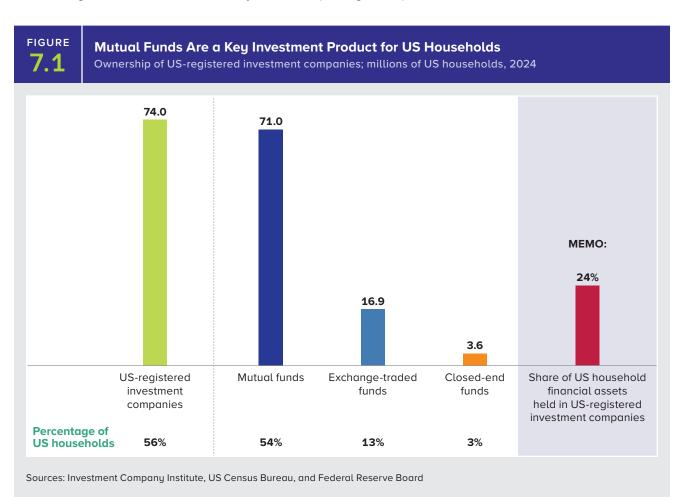
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Household Ownership of Mutual Funds Is Widespread

Mutual funds are an important way US households build their financial wealth. In 2024, ICI conducted its latest annual nationwide household survey, which found that about 56 percent of US households owned shares of mutual funds or other US-registered investment companies—including exchange-traded funds (ETFs), closed-end funds (CEFs), and unit investment trusts (UITs)—representing an estimated 74.0 million households (Figure 7.1).

Mutual funds were the most common type of fund owned, with 71.0 million US households, or 54 percent, owning them in 2024 (Figure 7.1). All told, more than 120 million individual investors owned mutual funds in 2024. In aggregate, US households' investment in funds represents nearly one-quarter of their financial assets, a higher share than seen in other jurisdictions (see Figure 1.9).



Ownership of Mutual Funds and Shareholder Sentiment, 2024 www.ici.org/files/2024/per30-08.pdf



Mutual Fund-Owning Households Reflect Everyday People

Households that own mutual funds come from all demographic groups and typically are working and saving for retirement (Figure 7.2). In 2024, the median mutual fund—owning household:

- was middle-aged, employed, and educated;
- owned mutual funds inside an employer-sponsored retirement plan;
- purchased their first mutual fund through an employer-sponsored retirement plan;
- owned mutual funds outside employer-sponsored retirement plans, primarily purchased through investment professionals (registered investment advisers, full-service brokers, independent financial planners, bank or savings institution representatives, insurance agents, or accountants);
- had more than half of the household's financial assets (excluding the primary residence) invested in mutual funds:
- owned an IRA:
- was using mutual funds to save for retirement; and
- was confident that mutual funds could help them reach their financial goals.

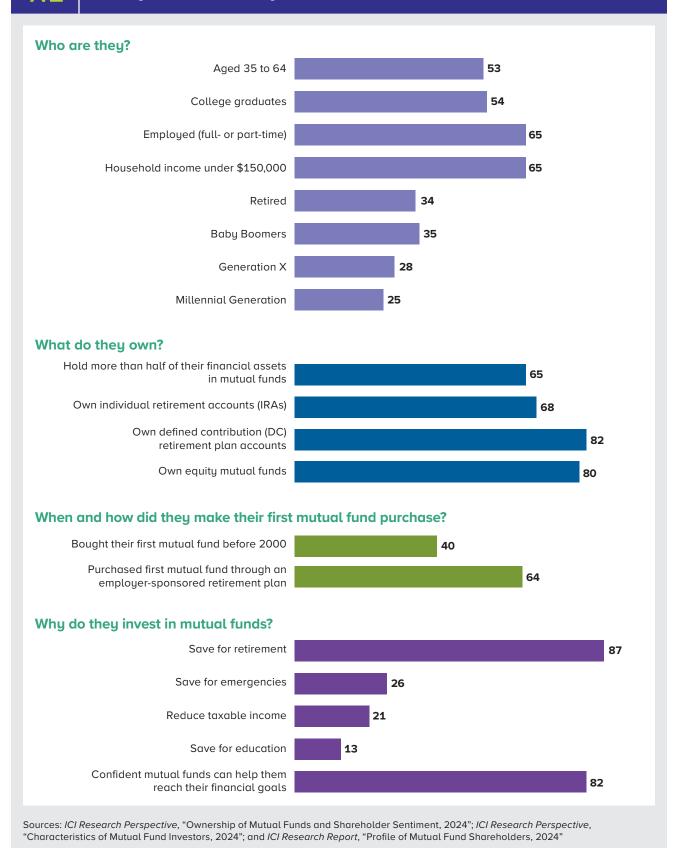
Many US mutual fund-owning households had moderate household incomes and often were in their peak earning and saving years. Almost two-thirds of US households owning mutual funds had annual incomes less than \$150,000, and 53 percent were headed by individuals between the ages of 35 and 64 in 2024 (Figure 7.2). The median mutual fund-owning household had \$115,000 in household income, \$300,000 in household financial assets, and \$125,000 invested in three mutual funds, including at least one equity mutual fund.

Baby Boom Generation households were the largest share (35 percent) of mutual fund—owning households in 2024, reflecting both their generation's size and their high rates of mutual fund ownership (Figure 7.2). The next largest mutual fund—owning household generations were Generation X households (28 percent) and Millennial households (25 percent).



Mutual Fund-Owning Households Are from All Demographic Groups

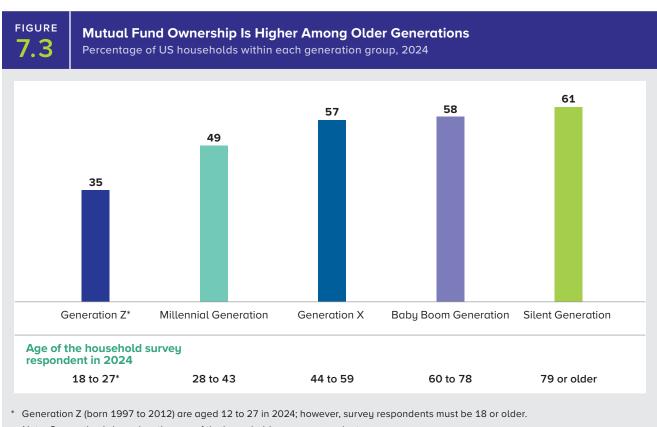
Percentage of mutual fund-owning households, 2024



Mutual Fund Ownership Tends to Rise Across the Generations

Mutual fund—owning households are headed by members of all generations, but members of the older generations, who have had more time to save, had the highest ownership rates in 2024. More than half of households headed by a member of Generation X, the Baby Boom Generation, or the Silent Generation owned mutual funds in 2024 (Figure 7.3). Younger households were well on their way to widespread mutual fund ownership: 49 percent of Millennial households and 35 percent of Generation Z households owned mutual funds in 2024.

The Baby Boom Generation held almost half (49 percent) of US households' mutual fund assets (Figure 7.4), reflecting: (1) the generation's immense size, (2) their high rate of mutual fund ownership, and (3) the decades they have had to save and invest. Generation X households held 28 percent of households' total mutual fund assets, and Silent Generation households held another 11 percent. Generation Z and Millennial households—who are younger and have not had as much time to save as Baby Boom households—held the remaining 12 percent of households' mutual fund assets.

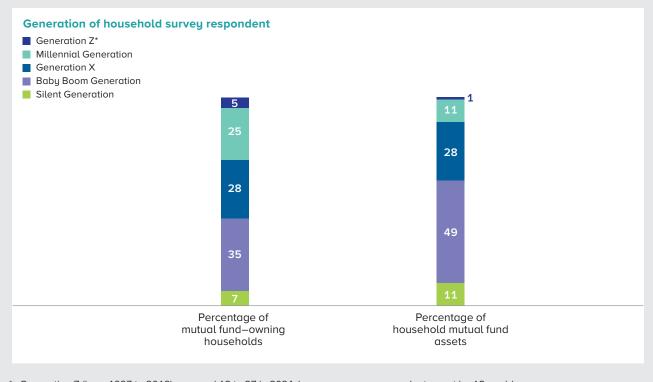


* Generation Z (born 1997 to 2012) are aged 12 to 27 in 2024; however, survey respondents must be 18 or older. Note: Generation is based on the age of the household survey respondent. Source: ICI Research Perspective, "Characteristics of Mutual Fund Investors, 2024"





Baby Boomers Are the Largest Mutual Fund—Owning Generation and Hold the Most Mutual Fund Assets



* Generation Z (born 1997 to 2012) are aged 12 to 27 in 2024; however, survey respondents must be 18 or older.

Note: Generation is based on the age of the household survey respondent.

Source: ICI Research Perspective, "Characteristics of Mutual Fund Investors, 2024"

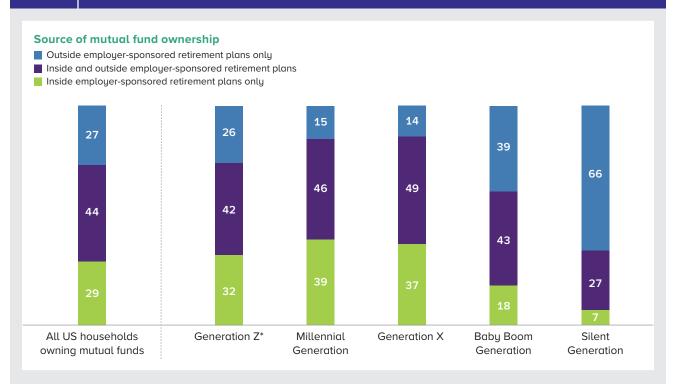
Mutual Fund Ownership Patterns Vary by Generation

How households own mutual funds often depends on where they are in the lifecycle of investing. Because younger generations are more likely to be early in their careers, they are more likely to own mutual funds only inside employer-sponsored retirement plans. As Americans change jobs over their careers, they may roll over retirement savings to IRAs, and older generations are more likely to own funds outside employer-sponsored retirement plans. In 2024, 39 percent of mutual fund—owning Millennial households held funds only inside employer-sponsored retirement plans, compared with 18 percent of mutual fund—owning Baby Boom households (Figure 7.5). Sixty-one percent of mutual fund—owning Millennial households owned funds outside of employer-sponsored retirement plans, compared with 82 percent of mutual fund—owning Baby Boom households. Millennial and Generation X households are more likely than other generations to own funds both inside and outside employer-sponsored retirement plans. At 66 percent, mutual fund—owning Silent Generation households are the most likely to hold them only outside employer-sponsored retirement plans, perhaps reflecting limited access to defined contribution (DC) plans early in their careers or consolidation of retirement savings into IRAs when they retired.

FIGURE 7.5

Mutual Fund Ownership Often Occurs Through Employer-Sponsored Retirement Plans

Percentage of mutual fund-owning households by generation, 2024



* Generation Z (born 1997 to 2012) are aged 12 to 27 in 2024; however, survey respondents must be 18 or older.

Note: Generation is based on the age of the household survey respondent. Employer-sponsored retirement plans include DC plans (such as 401(k), 403(b), or 457 plans) and employer-sponsored IRAs (SEP IRAs, SAR-SEP IRAs, and SIMPLE IRAs).

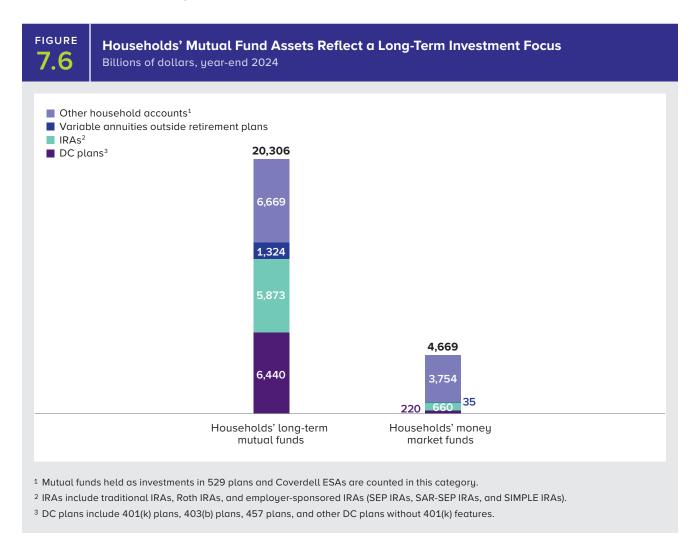
Source: ICI Research Perspective, "Characteristics of Mutual Fund Investors, 2024"

Mutual Fund-Owning Households Primarily Save for Retirement

Mutual fund—owning households overwhelmingly report that saving for retirement is one of their financial goals (87 percent, with 80 percent indicating it is the household's primary goal) and that they are confident mutual funds can help them reach their financial goals (82 percent) (Figure 7.2). The importance that mutual fund—owning households place on retirement saving is reflected in where they own their funds—in 2024, 94 percent held mutual fund shares inside employer-sponsored retirement plans, IRAs, or variable annuities.



Given this long-term focus and the importance of retirement saving, most of households' mutual funds were invested in long-term mutual funds (equity, hybrid, and bond funds). Additionally, more than half of these long-term mutual fund assets were held in DC plans and IRAs (Figure 7.6). At year-end 2024, long-term mutual fund assets held in DC plans and IRAs accounted for \$12.3 trillion, or 61 percent of households' long-term mutual fund assets. Households had another \$1.3 trillion in long-term variable annuity mutual fund assets outside retirement plans, which have similar tax advantages and restrictions as retirement plans and are counted as part of Americans' nest egg for retirement (see Figures 8.5 and 8.15). In addition, households held a relatively small amount of money market fund assets in DC plans, IRAs, and variable annuities outside retirement plans.



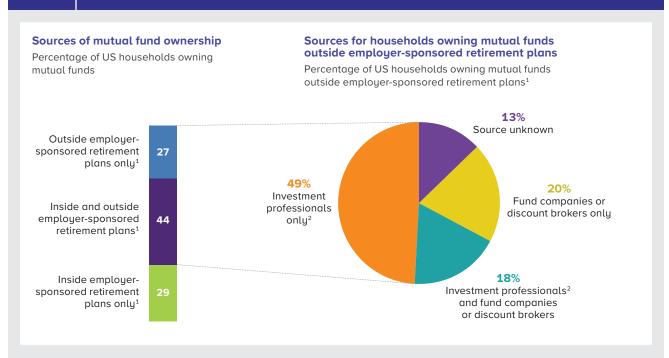
Many Mutual Fund-Owning Households Rely on Investment Professionals

Households owning mutual funds outside employer-sponsored retirement plans often seek the assistance of investment professionals. In 2024, 49 percent of these households owned funds purchased solely with the help of investment professionals, and another 18 percent owned both funds purchased from investment professionals and directly from fund companies or discount brokers (Figure 7.7).

Retirement saving is also important for households holding mutual funds only outside employer-sponsored retirement plans, with 74 percent of those households holding funds in traditional or Roth IRAs. In many cases, these IRAs held assets rolled over from 401(k) plans or other employer-sponsored retirement plans (either defined benefit or DC plans).



Mutual Fund Investments Outside Retirement Plans Are Often Guided by Investment Professionals
2024



- ¹ Employer-sponsored retirement plans include DC plans (such as 401(k), 403(b), or 457 plans) and employer-sponsored IRAs (SEP IRAs, SAR-SEP IRAs, and SIMPLE IRAs).
- ² Investment professionals include registered investment advisers, full-service brokers, independent financial planners, bank and savings institution representatives, insurance agents, and accountants.

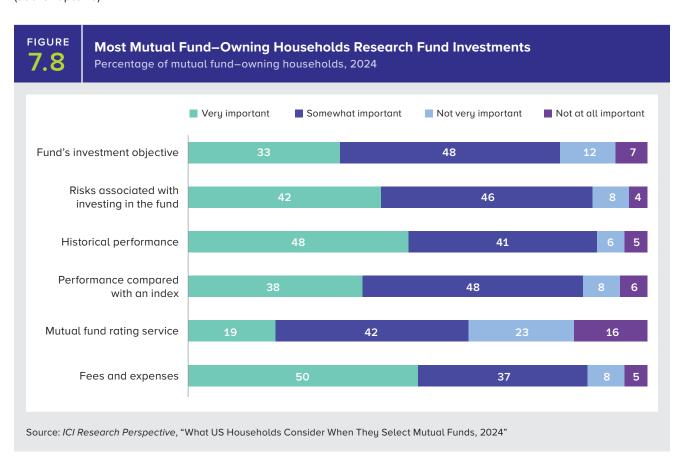
Source: ICI Research Perspective, "Characteristics of Mutual Fund Investors, 2024"

Mutual Fund–Owning Households Make Informed Purchasing Decisions

The survey also asked mutual fund—owning households about the importance of a variety of factors when making their mutual fund purchase decisions.

In 2024, 93 percent of mutual fund—owning households considered a fund's investment objective when making their purchase decision (Figure 7.8). Similarly, 96 percent of mutual fund—owning households reviewed the risk level of a fund's investments. The vast majority of mutual fund—owning households also reviewed the historical performance of a fund and considered a fund's performance compared with an index.

Mutual fund—owning households also typically reviewed the fund's fees and expenses when selecting their mutual funds. Indeed, mutual fund investors tend to concentrate their assets in lower-cost funds (see Chapter 6).



What US Households Consider When They Select Mutual Funds, 2024 www.ici.org/files/2025/per31-03.pdf

